

Business Plan for the Derwent Estuary Program – 2019 – 2024

Established in 1999, the Derwent Estuary Program is a voluntary, not-for-profit partnership between state and local government, industry and the community to restore and promote our estuary. We share science for the benefit of the community, nature and the economy.

This Business Plan has been developed through facilitated workshops with the DEP Board and Technical Working Group. The Board determined the DEP Purpose, Vision, Operating Philosophies and Goals. The Technical Working Group has contributed significantly to identifying priorities for the DEP to focus on in the next five years.

This document is a working draft and will inform the DEP's Annual Work Plans for the Board and Members Committee. Initiatives outlined in this document will be linked to staff action plans.

Our Purpose: To enable informed decisions

Our Vision is to be the voice of the Derwent so that when people think of the Derwent, they also think of the Derwent Estuary Program.

Operating philosophies:

- An apolitical perspective
- Transparency
- Evidence based

Goal summary (values):

- Science to guide management
- Facilitate pollution reduction
- Facilitate nature protection
- Engage, Inspire and Grow the DEP

Key Themes of the Business Plan

Strategy Review

- Validate strategies with stakeholders
- Identify the specifics that DEP can measure and achieve
- Identify threats / risks

Stakeholder Engagement

- Develop Value Proposition (i.e. what does DEP membership/participation give back)
- Broaden scope of engagement
- Data management and access

Education

- Telling the story of the river and DEP to partners and community
- Selling the positive messages as well as the warnings
- Best practice guides

Objectives

Objective 1: Operate the DEP so that it is legally compliant and financially sound

Objective 2: Continue and improve monitoring methods of water, sediments, seafood and habitats

Objective 3: Facilitate the reduction of nutrients entering the estuary from point and diffuse sources

Objective 4: Facilitate the reduction of heavy metal levels in the estuary from point and diffuse sources

Objective 5: Facilitate the improvement of water quality at beaches and bays

Objective 6: Grow, maintain and enhance the function of high priority habitats

Objective 7: Facilitate an increase in the numbers of iconic species

Objective 8: Increase awareness of DEP and its programs

DEP Governance

Objective 1: Operate the DEP so that it is legally compliant and financially sound

Measures of Success	Performance Indicator	Basis for comparison
All DEP partners continue to	DEP continues to be funded.	Previous Partnership
support the DEP through the		Agreements
Partnership Agreement –		
financially and in-kind		

Initiatives – Year 1	Who	When complete
Five-year DEP Partnership Agreement signed by all DEP Members	CEO	June/July 2019
DEP operational requirements compliant with relevant Government bodies including ACNC and ASIC	CEO	December 2019
DEP financially audited annually	CEO	May – June 2019
Human resources – policies, contracts in place and legally correct	CEO	On-going
Work Health and Safety procedures and policies maintained and a standing agenda item for DEP Board meetings.	CEO	On-going
Board – regular reporting and strategic development	CEO	On-going

Optimise and review direction / strategy / targets	CEO, Board, Technical	February each
	Working Group	year
Business risk assessment coordinated to inform	CEO	April/May 2019
organisation management.		

Initiatives – Years 2 - 4		
Pursue the resourcing of projects through a variety of	CEO	2021
avenues – grants, donations, in-kind options		
Consider ethical banking arrangements DEP finances.	CEO	2022

Goal 1: Using science to guide management

Objective 2: Continue and improve monitoring of water, sediments, seafood, habitats

Measures of Success	Performance Indicator	Basis for comparison
Monitoring programs	Monitoring results used by	If monitoring is modified, it is
reviewed and consensus with	partners for adaptive	still comparable to existing
partners on DEP monitoring	management	long-term data sets
aims, based on asset/threat		
risk assessment		

Initiatives – Years 1 - 2	Who	When
		complete
Conduct a threat and risk assessment and ID data gaps	DEP staff	May 2019
Monitoring programs – AWQ and RWQ	DEP scientist (AWQ)	
 Continue coordination of the AWQ and RWQ 	Biodiversity Officer	Ongoing
monitoring and report results	(RWQ)	
 Review monitoring programs with MTF to 		June 2019
determine what we want to achieve and how		
we address emerging issues		
 Review reporting methods in cooperation 		August 2019
with MTF		
Seek funding for agreed monitoring programs (in	DEP staff	May – June
addition to core monitoring) e.g. rocky reefs, intertidal		2019
assessment, sediments, catchment		
Develop monitoring programs to assess new industry	DEP scientists	July 2019
impacts e.g. in catchment and from Storm Bay		
Host Partner meetings regularly - ensure terms of	DEP staff	
reference are developed so meetings are meaningful.	RWQ	May, Nov
	MTF	June
	Stormwater	June, October
	Catchment	July
	Communications	June, Nov
	Tracks	August
Develop pictorial/conceptual models to explain issues,	CEO/comms	January 2020
partner assets and risks	consultant	
Develop monitoring strategy to improve	Scientist	August 2019
understanding of the drivers of hypoxia		

Initiatives – Years 2 - 4	Who	When
		complete
Develop citizen science program, starting with water	Catchment Scientist	2022
bug surveys		
Climate change:	DEP Scientists	2022
- determine DEP role in scientific conversation		
 support local government initiatives by 		
providing relevant DEP science through		
regional forum		
	Dia di vansitu Offica n	2022
Establish student project to investigate use of	Biodiversity Officer	2022
Derwent seaweed for consumption and garden use		
Provide regional context on natural values,	DEP Scientists	On-going
stormwater etc. for partners to help prevent 'silo'		
approach – DEP task force meetings, roadshows,		
regional guides		

Year 5	Who	When
		complete
Track change impacts, nutrients, flow etc, ag/	DEP Scientists	2023
aquaculture, climate variability captured in reporting		
Optimise and review direction / strategy / targets	CEO, Board, Technical	2023
	Working Group	

Goal 2: Facilitate pollution reduction

Objective 3: Facilitate the reduction of nutrients entering the estuary from point and diffuse sources

Measures of Success	Performance Indicator	Basis for comparison
Scientific results used by	Industries report a reduction	Long term data reveals a
managers so that nutrients	in nutrients to the estuary and	decrease in nutrients in water
from anthropogenic sources	monitoring results reflect this	and key habitats
are reduced in the estuary.	reduction	maintain/improve ecosystem
		function.

Initiatives – Year 1 - 2	Who	When complete
Apply for funding to develop a Water Quality Improvement Plan (WQIP) and River health action plan which will include recommendations for monitoring, investigations, management	Catchment Scientist	June 2019
Monitor catchment water quality including nutrient tracing	Catchment Scientist	June 2020
 DEP Working Groups Host regular meetings of the Stormwater, Catchment and Monitoring Task Forces Define Terms of Reference for each Participate in Storm Bay technical working group established by FRDC 	Catchment Scientist, Stormwater Officer, Scientist	Quarterly, half yearly (MTF)

Determine ecosystem indicators to measure potential	Scientist	June 2019
impact of nutrients coming from salmon farming in		
Storm Bay		
Participate in nutrient management for Derwent	Scientist	January 2020
WWTPs in cooperation with the EPA and TasWater		
Support D'Entrecasteaux and Channel Collaboration	CEO	2021
with strategic guidance, scientific advice and funding		
Communicate science to managers and community	CEO	Ongoing
Stormwater inputs – develop priorities for monitoring	Stormwater Officer	August 2019
and mitigating nutrients		
Seek funding for on-ground action to manage	Stormwater Officer	December 2019
stormwater e.g. WSUD at new developments,		
improved maintenance of existing WSUD		
infrastructure		
DEP to work with Partners on sharing Derwent data	Scientist	Ongoing
and collaboration opportunities (TasPorts, Nyrstar).		
Map nutrient inputs by industry in catchment and	Catchment Scientist	August 2019
estuary		
Pollution is more than nutrients and heavy metals -	Catchment Scientist	December 2020
define focus pollutants/ plastics starting with a		
literature review		

Years 2 - 5		
Harness national/international campaigns to act	CEO	As available
locally (identify relevant campaigns)		
Define education programs to inform public and	CEO	2022
industry groups of pollution issues and methods to		
reduce pollution / loads		
Pursue actions to reduce pollution from identified	Catchment Scientist	2021
sources in catchment based on WQIP/Healthy River		
Action Plan recommendations e.g. agriculture,		
hatcheries, WWTPs, urban centres.		
Investigate the impacts of nutrients on the pelagic	Scientist	2022
system		
Assess inter-relationship between heavy metals in	Scientist	2021
sediments and priority issues e.g. hypoxia, nutrients,		
climate change		

Objective 4: Facilitate the reduction of heavy metal levels from point and diffuse sources in the estuary

Measures of Success	Performance Indicator	Basis for comparison
Scientific results used by	Industries report a reduction	Data reveals a decrease in
managers so that heavy metals	in heavy metals to the estuary	heavy metal in water,
in the estuary are reduced	and monitoring results reflect	sediments and seafood and
	this reduction	key habitats maintain/improve
		ecosystem function.

Initiatives – Year 1 - 2	Who	When
		complete
Sediment survey – review the purpose of this survey	Scientist	June 2019
Seafood safety survey	Scientist	December 2019
Determine impact of heavy metals on natural and	Scientist	January 2020
human values – literature review		
Provide evidence-based recommendations to DEP	DEP science staff	Ongoing
Partners to improve environmental management of		
Derwent		
Understand the drivers of potential heavy metal release	Scientist/Catchment	December 2020
in the Derwent – literature review and student project	Scientist	

Objective 5: Facilitate the improvement of water quality at beaches and bays

Measures of Success	Performance Indicator	Basis for comparison
Beaches – good water quality	Monitoring during 1 December	Five-year 95th hazen
at all sites by 2024	and 31 March reveals	percentile results show good
Bays – no poor water quality	acceptable enterococci levels	water quality at beaches, and
ratings at bay sites by 2024	so that by 2024 beaches	good or fair water quality at
	record good long-term water	bays.
	quality and bays good or fair	
	water quality.	

Initiatives – Year 1 - 2	Who	When
		complete
Develop a framework for investigating water quality	Biodiversity Scientist	November
at Poor and Fair rated swimming sites		2019
At end of recreational water quality monitoring	Biodiversity Officer	May 2019
season, undertake review of: data, data gaps,		
contamination sources and develop recommendations		
Utilise existing data to provide advice regarding	Stormwater Officer	December 2019
stormwater quality improvements and priorities –		
beaches and bays		
Tackle litter in the Derwent by:	Stormwater Officer	June 2020
 Identifying sources and accumulation points 		
 Providing information to land managers and 		
community		
 Encouraging land managers and the 		
community to organise/participate in clean-		
ups		
 Organising business clean up - beaches 		
 Identifying citizen science opportunities – e.g. 		
microplastic survey, mapping		
Help raise profile of DEP in the community with	CEO	July 2020
messages about litter (war on waste)		
Maintain Stormwater Taskforce to identify pathways	Stormwater Officer	Ongoing
to manage stormwater quality in urban areas.		
Keep up to date with boat sewage issues and	Biodiversity Officer	Ongoing
communicate changes		

Years 2- 4		
Advocate for a stormwater code to be included in the	CEO, Stormwater	June 2020
Tasmanian State Planning Scheme	Officer	
Develop site specific plans to achieve goal of 'Good'	Stormwater Officer	July 2020
(beach) water quality at all priority beaches by 2024		

Year 5		
Beach water monitoring shows that all Hobart	Biodiversity Officer	2024
beaches are safe to swim at and have 'Good' long-		
term water quality ratings and sites are managed		
proactively to prevent water quality decline		

Goal 3: Facilitate the protection of nature

Objective 6: Grow, maintain and enhance the function of high priority habitats

Measures of Success	Performance Indicator	Basis for comparison
The Conservation Action Plan	Management of priority	The Conservation Action Plan
is updated and implemented.	habitats undertaken by land	first developed in 2011 is
	managers.	updated and informs
		management of priority
		habitats.

Initiatives Years 1-2	Who	When
		complete
Asset/threat risk assessment	DEP staff	May 2019
Conduct saltmarsh survey and provide site specific	Biodiversity Officer	December 2019
management recommendations to land holders.		
Encourage councils to use saltmarsh mapping to keep	Biodiversity Officer	February 2020
and manage retreat areas.		
Identify community values e.g. fishing, beaches, parks,	CEO	February 2020
tracks, marinas etc. and develop maps.		
Coordinate regional Derwent Estuary weed group to	Biodiversity Officer	Quarterly
devise Derwent foreshore weed management		meetings
priorities.		
Develop estuary wide foreshore weed strategy in	Biodiversity Officer	2020
cooperation with the regional weed group.		
Continue to survey and control rice grass and support	Biodiversity Officer	Sept/Oct 2019
karamu management		
Investigate options to reduce sediment disturbance -	Stormwater officer	December 2019
literature review on ferry wake impacts and		
management		
Check local and state government websites weekly for	Office Support	Ongoing
Derwent related development applications		
Map land use change in Derwent estuary for next five-	Stormwater Officer	October 2020
yearly State of the Derwent Report		
Develop maps of high priority sites/assets across	CEO	January 2020
whole catchment and then by municipality.		

Seagrass monitoring and management	Scientist	Ongoing
recommendations		

Year 2 - 5		
Promote saltmarsh values via - world wetland day	Biodiversity Officer	Wetland day
		February -
		ongoing
Monitor and support the management of Lauderdale	Biodiversity Officer	2021
saltmarshes and share information with the		
community including fishers, bird enthusiasts		
Develop strategies to manage nuisance birds	Biodiversity Officer	2021
Presence at Festivals such as wooden boat festivals,	Biodiversity Officer	As required
science week		
Develop monitoring plan for upper estuary wetlands	Biodiversity Officer	2021
and recommend management.		
Investigate feasibility of living foreshore reefs	Scientist	2021
(particularly native oyster reefs) in Tasmanian		
environment		
Assess impact of waste from marinas on Derwent	Scientist	2021
habitats and species		
Include marine reserves in monitoring programs –	Scientists	Ongoing
rocky reefs, wetlands		
Investigate function of a degraded vs a healthy	Biodiversity Officer	June 2021
saltmarsh through the international tea bag project		
Investigate options to reduce sediment disturbance		
including:		
- Eco-moorings	Biodiversity Officer	2022
 Large vessel anchor locations 	Scientist	

Objective 7: Facilitate an increase in the numbers of iconic species

Measures of Success	Performance Indicator	Basis for comparison
All native species of plants and	Actions of stakeholders	Endangered species removed
animals are abundant in the	involved in the National	from government lists and
Derwent.	Handfish Recovery Team and	monitoring shows an increase
	the Penguin Advisory Group	in abundance of species
	increase population of these	including the spotted handfish,
	species through habitat	little penguins and native
	improvement. Native oysters	oysters
	survive and form reefs.	

Initiatives – Years 1 - 2	Who	When
		complete
Provide administrative support to the National	Biodiversity Officer	On-going -
Handfish Recovery Team (NHRT) to enable research,		quarterly
communication and management		
Continue relationship with Councils and State	Biodiversity Officer	As required
government through the PAG to assist them manage		
little penguin colonies effectively.		

Participate in the Tasmanian Penguin Advisory Group	Biodiversity Officer	As required
Participate in marine pest working group hosted by	Biodiversity Officer	As required
DPIPWE		
Maintain contact with EPA re Oil Spill Response	ТВС	Annual
procedures and protocols		

Years 2 - 5	Who	When
Investigate feasibility of living foreshore reefs	Scientist	2021
(particularly native oyster reefs) in Tasmanian		
environment		
Assess status of migratory fish in the Derwent and	Biodiversity Officer	2022
tributaries and identify options for management		

Goal 4: Engage, Inspire and Grow the DEP

Objective 8: Increase awareness of DEP and its programs – internally and externally

Measures of Success	Performance Indicator	Basis for comparison
50% increase in community	The Derwent Estuary Program	Results from 5 yearly
recognition of DEP	messages are regularly	community surveys show
	disseminated to partners and	increase in awareness of DEP
	the public (many methods).	and our key messages
		compared with 2013 survey.

Initiatives – Years 1 - 2	Who	When complete
Community survey to evaluate reporting effectiveness	Myriad consulting	June 2019
Communications and fundraising strategy considering:	Communications	December 2019
 stakeholder analysis for targeted 	(consultant or	
communication.	employee)	
 DEP brand – perhaps use iconic species to 		
help community identify with the DEP.		
Roadshow at the right time - targeted at Councillors	CEO	On-going
and senior bureaucracy and provide clear advice and		
data to encourage and maintain commitments		
Prepare internal Annual Technical Report summarising	Scientist	July 2019
monitoring and investigations for Partners		
Promote DEP achievements publicly via:	CEO	On-going
E bulletin, Annual report card, Five yearly State of		
Derwent report and latest social platforms - to		
community and to partners		
Encourage community ownership of the estuary	CEO	January 2020
through mapping of community values e.g. fishing,		
swimming, walking, kayaking etc.		
Quarterly reporting to partners - through 'DEP	CEO	Quarterly
champions' in organisation		
Support Tracks Working Group and continue to	ТВС	As required
update and promote the Greater Hobart Trails		
website		

Identify immediate actions to acknowledge and	CEO	December 2019
establish connection with traditional owners of the		
Derwent – past and present		
Encourage community enjoyment of the Derwent	Communications	2020
through regular communication particularly social	(consultant or	
media	employee)	
Consider establishing partnerships (not necessarily	CEO	2020
financial) - fishing industry, MONA, traditional owners		
Encourage partners to celebrate partnership - linking	Communications	2020
websites, active promotion.	(consultant or	
	employee)	

Years 2 - 5		
Provide regular reminders of seafood safety issues -	Communications	2021
contamination of fish, preparation of resources in	(consultant or	
other languages	employee)	
Connect with Councils so they can deliver DEP	Biodiversity Officer	Ongoing
messages to their community environment groups		
Social media marketing campaign in cooperation with	Communications	December 2020
DEP partner communicators to improve awareness of	(consultant or	
DEP and key messages.	employee)	
Promote positive stories and access to the Derwent -	Communications	Seasonal
relating to life along the Derwent e.g. go hiking,	(consultant or	
exploring, kayaking etc.	employee)	
Assist with a festival/science symposium to deliver on	Event manager	August 2020
what we do and share science		
Partner with existing education providers e.g.	Communications	2022
discovery rangers, bush adventures, Rockpool	(consultant or	
workshops, CSIRO Science - through curriculum,	employee)	
existing programs, schools close to the estuary.		
Establish a Kayak trail for the entire Derwent estuary	Communications	2022
building on the existing trail in Clarence	(consultant or	
	employee)	

Critical Initiatives for 2019/20

Themes for 2019/20 – Review strategies and monitoring, identify gaps, seek project funding and communicate with partners and public

Governance

- Board and Members meetings
- Five-year Partnership Agreement re-signed
- Staff contracts
- Financial audit
- Compliance with ASIC, ACNC

Science to Guide Management

- Asset/threat assessment and data gap identification
- Seek funding for Catchment WQIP/Healthy River Action Plan
- Review of Beach Watch season and implementation of recommendations
- Monitoring Review in cooperation with Monitoring Task Force
- Rocky reef and intertidal surveys

Facilitate pollution reduction

• Stormwater management priorities identified in cooperation with Stormwater Taskforce

Facilitate nature protection

- Maintain species working groups
- Rice grass and Karamu surveys
- Regional weed plan
- Saltmarsh condition monitoring and management recommendations

Engage, Inspire, Grow the DEP

- Regular Roadshows partners, politicians
- Prepare internal Annual Technical Report and external Annual State of the Derwent Report Card
- Maps for assets, threats, community interest etc.

Structures and Resources

Organisational structure

- Employees: 6
- Partners: Board, Members Committee, Working Groups
- Consultant support: Accru Accounting, Edge Legal, Wise, Lord, Ferguson, Myriad, Mark Stalker, Derwent Catchment Project (Karamu control), Express IT

Operations:

Categories	Details
Services:	 Monitoring and reporting Communications and promotion facilitation of actions grant writing
Network:	Partnership between Hobart, Clarence, Glenorchy, Kingborough, Brighton, Derwent Valley Councils, the Tasmanian State Government, Nyrstar Hobart, Norske Skog Boyer, Hydro Tasmania, TasWater, TasPorts.
Membership Model	Membership is through a voluntary five-year Partnership Agreement. The DEP is also a not-for-profit Company Limited by Guarantee
Future Growth	 Grant funding for key projects is required (either through grants, existing funding or other sources): WQIP/Healthy River Action Plan Ecosystem indicator monitoring to detect impact from salmon farming in Storm Bay WSUD – on-ground works. Investment in communications and education.

Resources:

- Annual income from DEP Partners.
- Grants
- Donations
- Income from training

Staff:

DEP directly employs six people who fulfil the following positions:

CEO, Scientist, Catchment Scientist, Biodiversity Officer, Stormwater/Technical Officer, Office Support (1 day/week).

In-kind staff support from partners is significant and includes (but not limited to): monitoring, contribution to planning and review, participation in meetings.

Intellectual property:

- Data sharing: Application form for external parties. Data sharing policy.
- Registered business name through ASIC Derwent Estuary Program Limited.

Risk Management

- Business risk assessment to be undertaken by Wise, Lord and Fergusson (April/May 2019).

SWOT analysis

Strengths of husiness providing advantage:	Weaknesses within DEP that place us at a
Quality staff who have expertise in:	disadvantage:
- Science	No dedicated communications staff member
- Monitoring design delivery	Staff can be spread too thin – need
- Database management, analysis of long-	boundaries
term data sets	Partnership is voluntary
Reporting – internally, publicly	History of program can be limiting in terms of
Good will and collaboration with government,	change to programs
industry and community built on sound science	Partners unwilling to change
and consistent delivery of results	Staff unwillingness to change
Friendly, approachable, can do attitude	Expectations of timing – rushing to get things
Consistent funding, not grant reliant	done may reduce quality of science
History of program – good foundation for future	Limited funding available for new projects or
	on-ground works
	Scope creep
Opportunities outside DEP	Threats in the external environment that
New partnerships with industry	could cause trouble:
Native oyster reef project	Derwent Remediation – dredging of sediments
Research collaboration with CSIRO, UTAS	Economic downturn affecting funding
Maps – assets, changes over time, threats,	
priorities for action, develop visual depiction of	
business plan	
New technology trials	
Tours of industry – informing staff in DEP partner	
organisations	
Working with the community	
 Derwent stories – photo competition 	
- Open, editable 'favourite spot on the	
Derwent' map	
- Citizen science projects – microplastic	
surveys, water bugs	
- School activities	
Using partner networks more	
Weed strategy for Derwent	
Growing saltmarsh	

Invertebrate sampling – collaborate with
DPIPWE
Inform catchment management policy
Social media engagement
Keep DEP partner organisations informed of DEP
activities

Working Draft – April 2019